

ProCon – a Proteomics Conversion Tool for Standardized File Generation and Repository Submission

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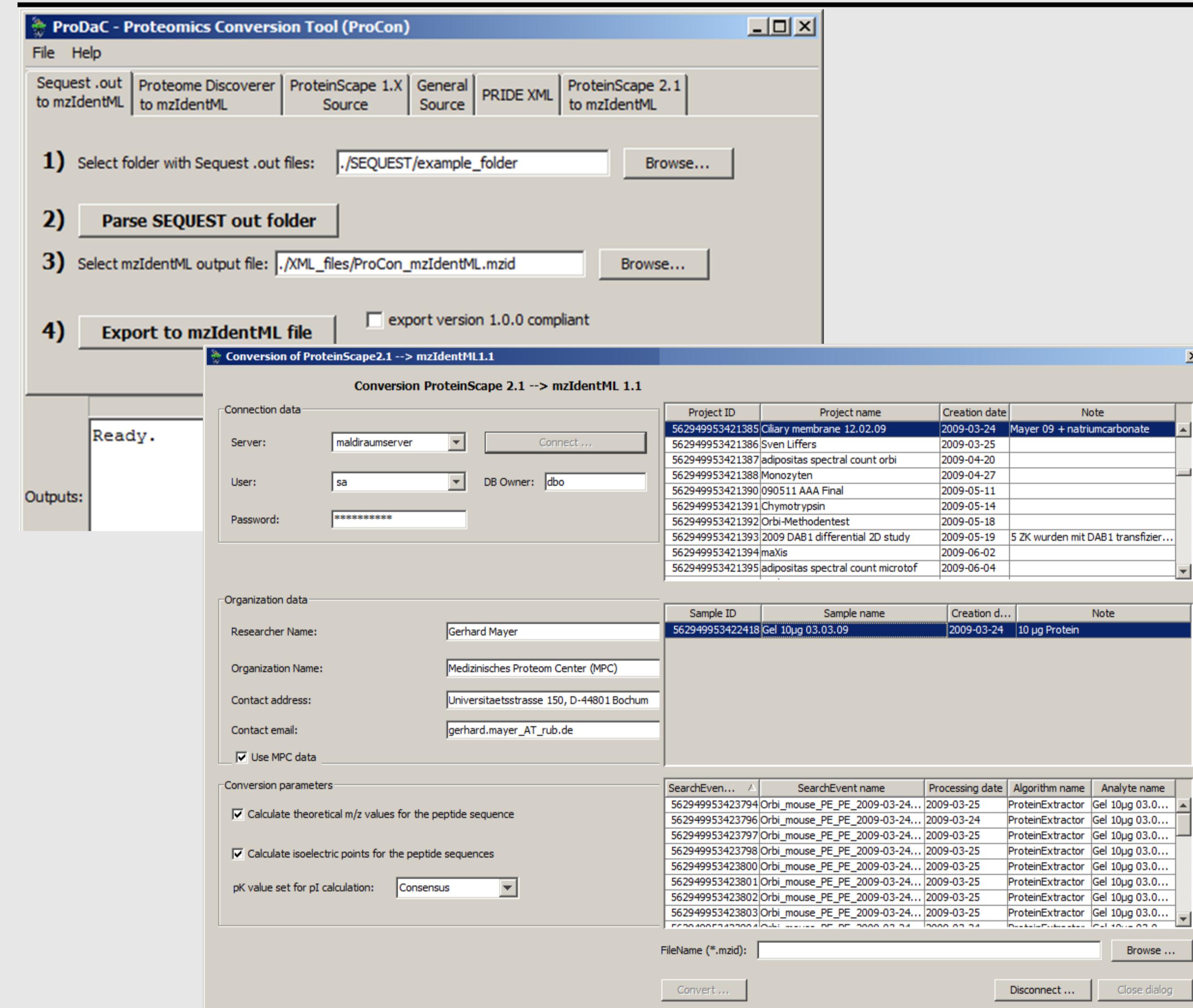
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Introduction

ProCon – a Conversion Tool

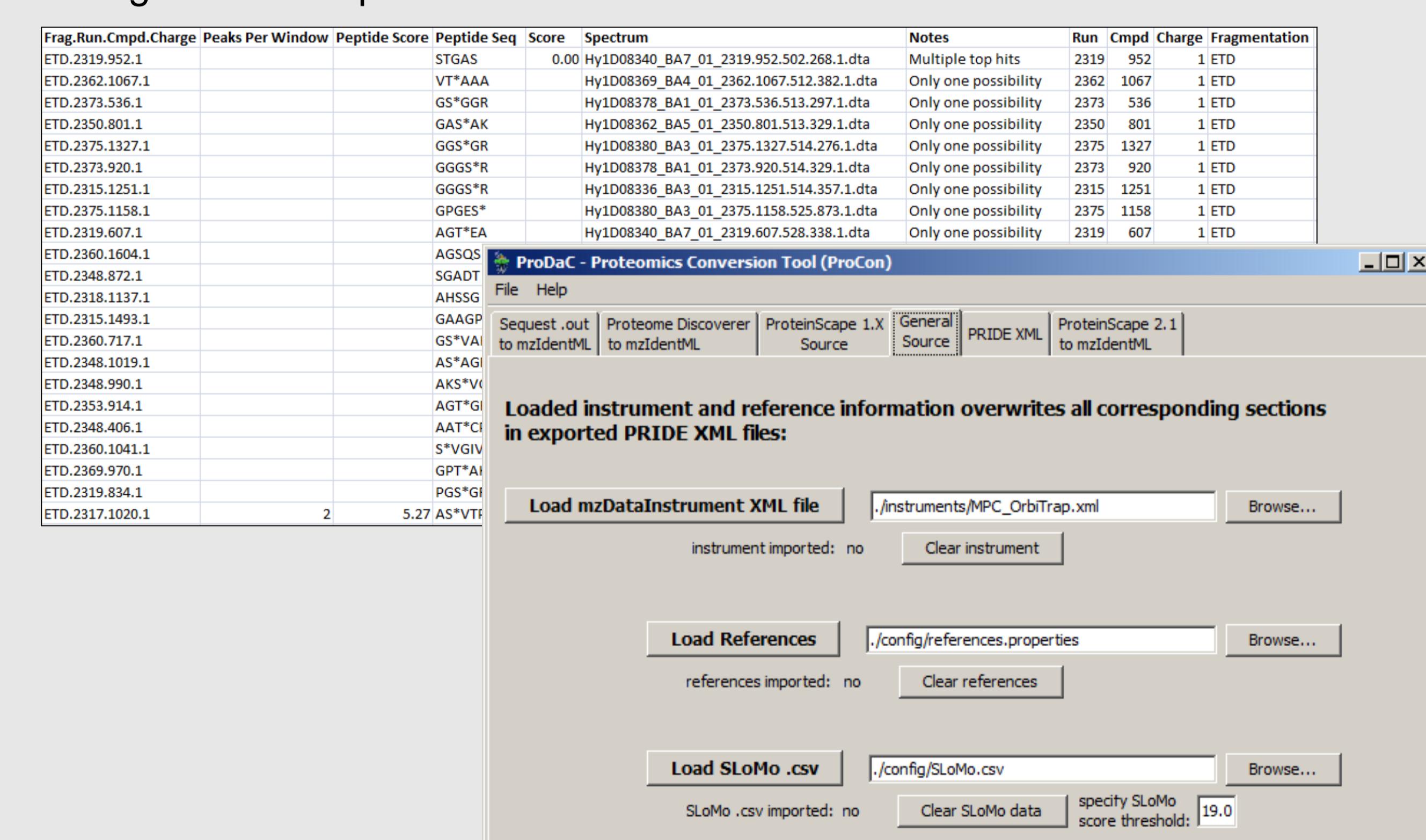
In an EU FP6 project (ProDaC, www.fp6-prodac.eu) a major goal was the development of software tools to export, submit and import data sets using standard formats. In a current EU FP7 project (ProteomeXchange, www.proteomexchange.org) a standardized submission pipeline is developed for unique identifier generation and data exchange between large Proteomics repositories. The ProCon tool, implemented at the Medizinisches Proteom-Center in Bochum (<http://www.medizinisches-proteom-center.de/ProCon>), converts data into standard file formats (mzIdentML, PRIDE XML) enabling data submission through the ProteomeXchange pipeline.

ProCon User Interface Examples



Mapping SloMo Phosphorylation Sites to PRIDE Files during ProteinScape 1.3 Conversion

Implementing a user request Phosphorylation information of the SloMo tool [2] can be integrated into a PRIDE file by loading specially formatted csv columns during ProteinScape 1.3 conversion.



ProCon-related Websites

<http://www.medizinisches-proteom-center.de/ProCon>

Submission: <http://www.proteomexchange.org>

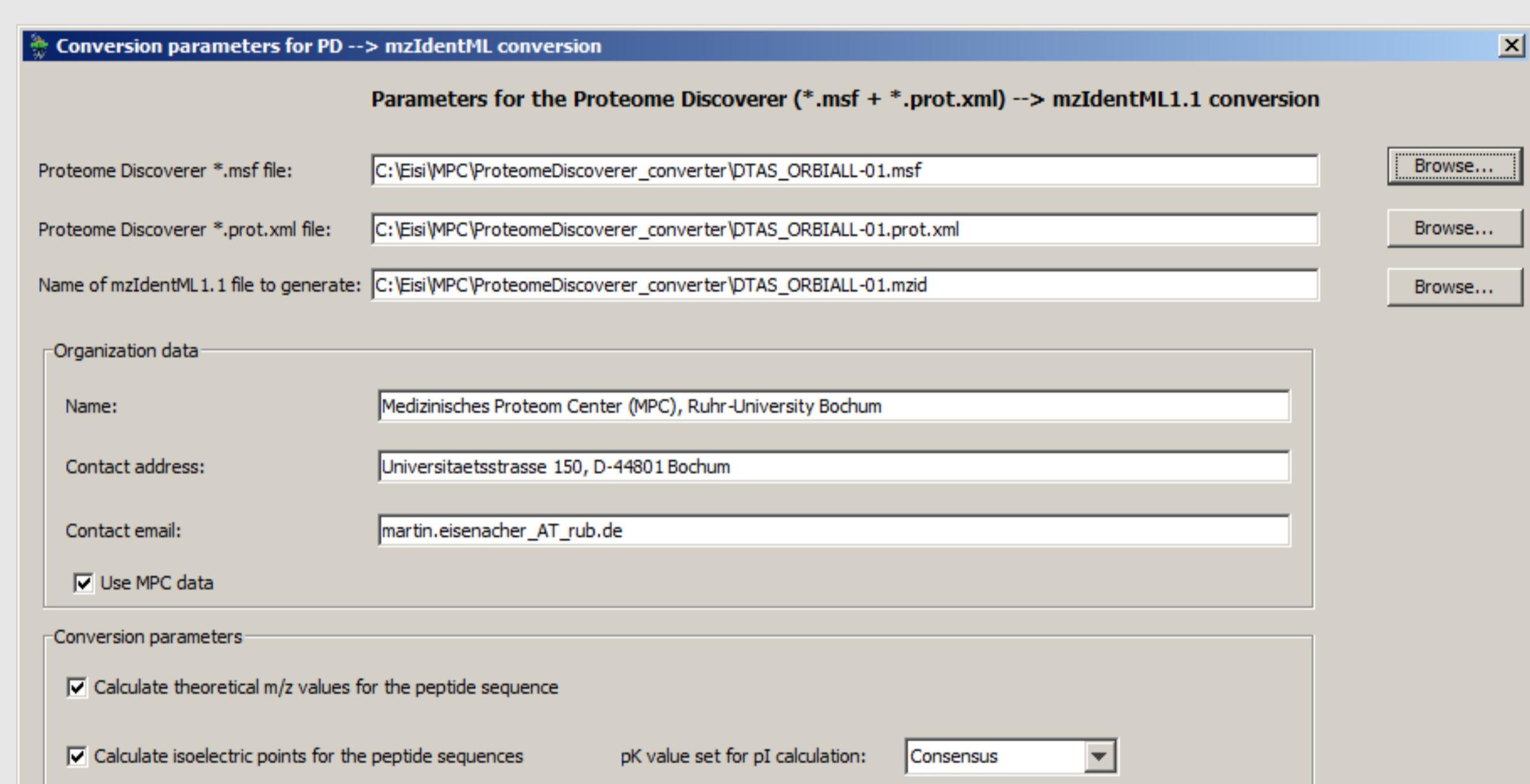
Standards: <http://www.psdev.info>

ProCon Functionality

- conversion of Proteome Discoverer 1.2 and 1.3 .msf and .prot.xml file information to mzIdentML
- peptide information of Sequest™ .out files (Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., Waltham, MA, USA) to mzIdentML
- conversion of ProteinScape® (Bruker Daltonik GmbH, Bremen, Germany) version 1.3 results (SearchEvents and gels) to PRIDE XML
- conversion of ProteinScape 2.1 results (SearchEvents) to mzIdentML: a Java API was developed for accessing the SQL database content of ProteinScape. By using this API the Analyte tree of a project is parsed and the user chooses the samples and results. Then the mzIdentML file is build up in the main memory and ultimately written by using the JAXB (Java Architecture for XML binding) marshaller functionality. During this process also the relevant CV terms are built in by accessing the .obo files via the Ontology Lookup Service [1] (OLS).

ProteomeDiscoverer® to mzIdentML Conversion

After (1) setting meta-project information (such as institute and contact e-mail), (2) specifying the .prot.xml and .msf file paths, and (3) other conversion parameters (such as method for isoelectric point calculation), the conversion into mzIdentML can be initiated and is processed automatically. Internally the Open Lookup Service (OLS) is used to get the needed CV terms and the NCBI taxonomy identifiers used are acquired by accessing the Entrez Programming Utilities (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25501/>).



ProCon Perspectives

- The current ProteomeDiscoverer® conversion works both with ProteomeDiscoverer® versions 1.2 and 1.3 (both the .prot.xml and .msf files are needed for getting the information about the protein ambiguity groups / protein inference information). It's planned to accelerate the conversion for version 1.3, because here all the relevant information is contained and easily accessible in the .msf (SQLite) database. It will also integrate the ProteomeDiscoverer API [3].
- conversion of ProteinScape 2.1 gel results to mzIdentML
- conversion of ProteinScape 2.1 results to PRIDE XML
- mzQuantML conversion, e.g. for spectral counting workflows

Summary

ProCon complements other converters (e.g. <http://code.google.com/p/pride-converter/>) to make data conversion easy even for laboratories without informatics expertise. That supports journal submission and community data access. Thus meta-analyses of proteomics data and linkage to other 'omics will lead to new insights regarding biomarkers or functional disease mechanisms.

References

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